

Leadership in conversation with Jon Stokes, Nigel Ball and Ian Taylor interview transcript

The Ordinary Hope project, delivered in partnership between UCL Policy Lab and the Joseph Rowntree Foundation, argues that the big change needed to tackle the growing social and economic issues facing millions will not come from government or civil society alone. It will require deep collaboration across sectors and need leaders who can respond to this challenge. The project is supported by a diverse group of individuals – from movement builders and journalists to researchers and pollsters – who all believe in this vision and are working together to scope and deliver this work. Here, co-project manager, Yasmin Ibison, speaks to three of them about the changing landscape of cross-sector collaboration, what defines collaborative leadership and how to balance questions of power, trust, and ethics. Below is an edited extract from that conversation.

So, let's start with you all introducing yourselves...

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So, I'm a clinical psychologist. I previously worked in the Tavistock Clinic before getting interested

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There are frameworks in the book that should help people understand their perspectives and manage them. For example, the aim analysis, which Professor Van Maanen came up with in the 90s, is a framework of 6 dimensions of aims. You can sit down with your colleagues or partners and think about all the different aims that you have as a collective identity and as separate identities and individuals. You can look at the results and decide whether there's an alignment of aims. Tools like that will help surface any underlying tensions and help build trust and transparency.

I think very closely linked to the concept of trust is the concept of transparency. If you want to build trust, you need to build a sequence of experiences, possibly repeated over time. That's the kind of practical route to building trust. We talk a bit about how to do that. It's not always going to be easy, because some of these things are very difficult if it seems a bit trivial. But if you're persistent, you'll build trust. But if you're not persistent, you won't build trust.

It's also useful for a group to have a check in somewhere in a meeting, possibly at the start, where everybody says 'What's everybody doing?' because people will feel more comfortable with all kinds of emotions.

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